

# MTH5119 Test 2009 Solutions

Q1. Under SRS size  $n$  for any population size  $N (> n)$

②  $E[\bar{y}] = \bar{Y}$  [ie the sample mean is an U.E. of the population mean]

③  $\text{Var}[\bar{y}] = \frac{1-f}{n} S^2$  [where  $f = n/N$  is the sampling fraction]

②  $E[s^2] = S^2$  [ie the sample variance is an U.E. of the pop. variance]

Key step in proof: Write  $\bar{y} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n t_i Y_i$  where  $t_i = 1$  if unit  $i$  is in the sample (zero otherwise)

③ [sample indicator r.v.]

Q2. Inbred sample 1 2 3 4 5 6  $n=6$

$k=rt+1=7$ : Select unit 7 with prob.  $[1/k_{t+1}] = 6/7$

$u_1 = .4 \dots < 6/7$  so select unit 7 and replace 1 2 3 4 5 6

$u_2 = .8332 < 5/6$  (74/6) so replace unit 5 sample now 1 2 3 4 6 7

Select unit 8 with prob.  $6/8$ ,  $u_3 = .5 \dots < 6/8$  so select unit 8 and replace 1 2 3 4 6 7 8

sample now 2 3 4 6 7 8. Select unit 9 with prob.  $6/9 = 2/3$

$u_5 = .7 \dots > 6/9$  so do not select unit 9.

Final sample 2 3 4 6 7 8

③ One mark deducted for each error, but if apparently self-consistent, 10 for some ideas, 5/10 if used 1 digit every time, 10 if used 2 or 3 digits every time

Q3. poststratified estimate is  $\bar{y}_{st} = \sum_h W_h \bar{y}_h = \frac{325}{725} \times 15.67 + \frac{400}{725} \times 8.89 = 11.93$  (4 SF)

⑥  $v[\bar{y}_{st}] = \sum_h W_h^2 \frac{1-f_h}{n} s_h^2 = \left(\frac{325}{725}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{725}\right) (3.66)^2 + \left(\frac{400}{725}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{725}\right) (2.08)^2$   
 $= 0.3659(3)$  [s.e. = 0.6049] 4 SF.

Q4  $\hat{R} = \frac{\bar{y}}{\bar{m}} = \frac{50}{10} = 5$

①  $s_y^2 = [634 - 50^2/5]/4 = 33.5$

①  $s_{ym} = [127 - 50 \times 10/5]/4 = 6.75$

①  $s_m^2 = [26 - 10 \times 10/5]/4 = 1.5$

$v[\hat{R}] = \frac{1-f}{n\bar{m}^2} (s_y^2 - 2\hat{R}s_{ym} + \hat{R}^2 s_m^2) = \frac{1-0}{5 \times 4} (33.5 - 10 \times 6.75 + 25 \times 1.5)$   
 $= 3.5/20 = 0.175$

(For neglecting fpc as v. large)