

MAS/111 Convergence and Continuity: Coursework 2

DEADLINE: Thursday of week 4, at 11:00 am.

Problem 1. Consider the following statements

1. $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, x^2 - 2x + 1 > 0$
2. $\exists x \in \mathbb{Z}, 4x^2 + 8x < -3$
3. $\forall y \in \mathbb{R}, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}, (-y)^{2n} \geq 0$
4. $\forall x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}, xy + xz + yz \leq x^2 + y^2 + z^2$
5. $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, (x > 1 \implies x^2 > x)$
6. $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}, (x < y \implies x^2 < y^2)$
7. $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, (x^2 < 9 \implies x < 4)$
8. $\exists z \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } \forall x \in \mathbb{R}, x^2 + zx - 2 > 0$
9. $\forall x, y, z, w \in \mathbb{R}, (wz^2 + xz + y = 0 \implies x^2 \geq 4wy)$
10. $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \exists y \in \mathbb{R} \text{ s.t. } x^3 = y^2 - 10^2$
11. $\exists x \in \mathbb{Q} \text{ s.t. } \sqrt{5} < x < \sqrt{6}$
12. $\exists a, b, c \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
13. $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n^2 + n + 41 \text{ is prime.}$

If a statement is true, prove it; if it is false, write down explicitly its negation, and then prove it.

Problem 2. Prove that, for all $x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}$

1. $|x + y + z| \leq |x| + |y| + |z|$
2. $||x| - |y|| \leq |x - y|$
3. $|x - y| < z \iff y - z < x < y + z$

Problem 3. For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, let $\mathcal{P}(n)$ denote the statement

$$\forall a_i \in \mathbb{R}, a_i > 0, 1 \leq i \leq n \quad \prod_{i=1}^n a_i \leq \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \right)^n .$$

The validity of $\mathcal{P}(1)$ is immediate; $\mathcal{P}(2)$ is proved in the web-book.

- 1) Prove $\mathcal{P}(4)$. [Apply $\mathcal{P}(2)$ three times, to the pairs (a_1, a_2) , (a_3, a_4) , and $((a_1 + a_2)/2, (a_3 + a_4)/2)$.]
- 2) Prove $\mathcal{P}(3)$. [Use $\mathcal{P}(4)$.]
- 3) Prove $\mathcal{P}(5)$. [Prove $\mathcal{P}(8)$ first.]