# MAS/103 Computational Mathematics I: Coursework 2 

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This coursework will be assessed and count towards your final mark for the course

DEADLINE: Wednesday of week 4, at 1:00 pm.
CONTENT: Prime numbers. Sets and functions.
PREREQUISITES: Sections 1.6-1.7, 2.1-2.4 of Lecture Notes

MicroESSAY: Define the integer part and the fractional part of a rational number. You may assume that such number is positive. Use fewer than 50 words and no mathematical or Maple symbols whatsoever (such as $a, b$, iquo, etc.).

Problem 1. Construct a user-defined function for the function $g(z)=z^{2}-1 / z$. Hence use this function to compute the following expressions
i) $7^{2}-\frac{1}{7}$
ii) $100+\frac{1}{10}$
iii) $-a^{6}+\frac{1}{a^{3}}$
iv) $\frac{x^{2}}{(x+1)^{2}}-\frac{x+1}{x}$
v) $\left(\frac{1}{y^{2}}-y\right)^{2}$
vi) $2 K^{2}$

Problem 2. (a) Determine the number of divisors of 20!. (b) Find all divisors of 27817117.

## Problem 3.

(a) There are 25 primes less or equal to 100 . Indeed the 25 th prime is 97 , and the 26 th prime is 101 . Verify the above statement with the function ithprime.
(b) Let $\pi(x)$ be the number of primes less or equal to $x$. Thus $\pi(1)=0, \pi(11)=5, \pi(100)=25$. Use the function ithprime to determine $\pi(x)$ for $x=1000,2000$ and 3000 . (The function nextprime may also be useful.) This calculation is likely to require a certain amount of trial and error, but you must show only the minimal output that suffices to prove your result.
(c) Let $\Delta(x, n)=\pi(x)-\pi(x-n)$ be the number of primes that lie between $x-n$ and $x(x-n$ excluded). Tabulate the values of $\pi(x)$ and of $\Delta(x, 1000)$ (in a worksheet text region) as follows:

| $x$ | $\pi(x)$ | $\Delta(x, 1000)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1000 | $?$ | $?$ |
| 2000 | $?$ | $?$ |
| 3000 | $?$ | $?$ |

One brief comment on your findings.
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Problem 4. Let $A=\{1,2,3\}$ and $B=\{0,1\}$.
(a) Determine the number of distinct surjective functions $f: A \mapsto B$.
(b) Construct three distinct user-defined surjective functions $f: A \mapsto B$ [Hint: use irem, iquo, abs, etc.].

Problem 5. Construct user-defined functions for the following characteristic functions
a) $\quad f(x)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } x \text { is negative } \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}$

Use $f$ to decide whether or not $500^{2}-89 \cdot 53^{2}$ is negative.
b) $\quad f(x)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } x \text { is a multiple of } 7 \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}$

Use $f$ to decide whether or not $100^{2}+98^{2}$ is divisible by 7 .
c) $\quad f(x)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } x \text { and } x+2 \text { are prime } \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}$

Use $f$ to decide whether or not $p_{105}-p_{104}=2$, where $p_{k}$ is the $k$ th prime. (Think about it.)
d) $\quad f(x, y)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } x \text { and } y \text { are relatively prime } \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}$

Use $f$ to decide whether or not the prime 2999 divides 9 ! -1 . (See example 1.7 of lecture notes.)

Problem 6. Construct the boolean characteristic function of the following sets. Use evalb only if necessary.
a) The set of even non-negative integers.
b) The set of rationals whose numerator is odd.
c) The set of rationals whose denominator is composite.
d) The set of primes which are twice a prime plus one.
e) The set of integers which are divisible by 5 or by 7 , but not by both.
f) The set of positive integers $i$ for which the $i$ th prime is twice a prime plus one; hence determine the intersection between such set and the set $\{101,102,103,104,105\}$.
$\diamond$ MAPLE CHALLENGE (for top marks)

Problem 7. Find an integer greater than $10^{40}$ which has exactly 21 divisors. Such integer should be as small as possible: explain your strategy.

