

1

$$(a) e^x = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{24}x^4 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 + \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{i\theta} = 1 + i\theta - \frac{1}{2}\theta^2 - \frac{i}{6}\theta^3 + \frac{1}{24}\theta^4 + \frac{i}{120}\theta^5 + \dots$$

$$\text{Now, } \cos\theta = 1 - \frac{1}{2}\theta^2 + \frac{1}{24}\theta^4 - \dots$$

$$\text{and } \sin\theta = \theta - \frac{1}{6}\theta^3 + \frac{1}{120}\theta^5 - \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow i\sin\theta = i\theta - \frac{i}{6}\theta^3 + \frac{i}{120}\theta^5 - \dots$$

$$\therefore e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta \quad \square$$

$$(b) e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-i\theta} = \cos\theta - i\sin\theta, \text{ since } e^{-i\theta} = e^{i(-\theta)}$$

$$\therefore 2\cos\theta = e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta} \Rightarrow \boxed{\cos\theta = \frac{1}{2}(e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta})}$$

$$2i\sin\theta = e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta} \Rightarrow \boxed{\sin\theta = \frac{1}{2i}(e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta})}$$

$$\tan\theta = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{i(e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta})}$$

$$(c) \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) \stackrel{?}{=} \sin\theta_1 \cos\theta_2 + \sin\theta_2 \cos\theta_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{e^{i(\theta_1 + \theta_2)} - e^{-i(\theta_1 + \theta_2)}}{2i} = \frac{e^{i\theta_1} e^{i\theta_2} - e^{-i\theta_1} e^{-i\theta_2}}{2i}$$

$$= \frac{e^{i\theta_1} e^{i\theta_2} - e^{-i\theta_1} e^{-i\theta_2} - e^{-i\theta_1} e^{i\theta_2} + e^{i\theta_1} e^{-i\theta_2}}{2 \cdot 2i} +$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{e^{i\theta_1} - e^{-i\theta_1}}{2i} \cdot \frac{e^{i\theta_2} + e^{-i\theta_2}}{2} + \frac{e^{i\theta_2} - e^{-i\theta_2}}{2i} \cdot \frac{e^{i\theta_1} + e^{-i\theta_1}}{2} = \sin\theta_1 \cos\theta_2 + \sin\theta_2 \cos\theta_1 \quad \square$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 (a) \quad c_1 \sin(\omega t + c_2) &= c_1(\sin \omega t \cos c_2 + \sin c_2 \cos \omega t) \\
 &= (c_1 \cos c_2) \sin \omega t + (c_1 \sin c_2) \cos \omega t \\
 &= c_3 \sin \omega t + c_4 \cos \omega t \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

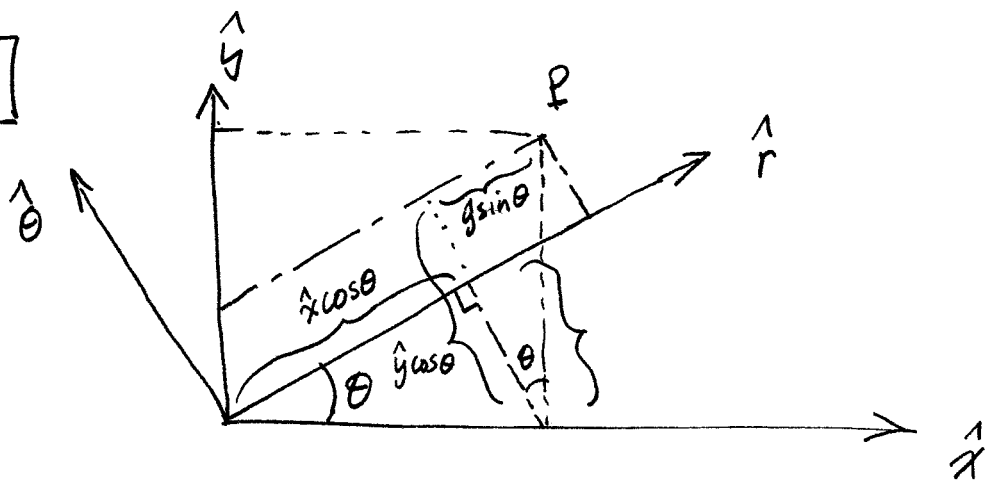
$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad c_1 \sin(\omega t + c_2) &= c_1 \left[ \frac{e^{i(\omega t + c_2)} - e^{-i(\omega t + c_2)}}{2i} \right] \\
 &= \frac{c_1}{2i} (e^{i\omega t} \cdot e^{ic_2} - e^{-i\omega t} \cdot e^{-ic_2}) \\
 &= \left( \frac{c_1 e^{ic_2}}{2i} \right) e^{i\omega t} + \left( \frac{-c_1 e^{-ic_2}}{2i} \right) e^{-i\omega t} \\
 &= c_5 e^{i\omega t} + c_6 e^{-i\omega t} \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) Let  $\phi = \omega t + c_8$  and  $c = c_7$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Then, } \operatorname{Re}\{c_7 e^{i(\omega t + c_8)}\} &= \operatorname{Re}\{(c_r + ic_i)(\cos \phi + i \sin \phi)\} \\
 &= c_r \cos \phi - c_i \sin \phi = c_r(\cos \omega t \cdot \cos c_8 - \sin \omega t \cdot \sin c_8) \\
 &\quad - c_i(\sin \omega t \cdot \cos c_8 + \sin c_8 \cdot \cos \omega t) \\
 &= (c_r \cos c_8 - c_i \sin c_8) \cos \omega t + [-(c_r \sin c_8 + c_i \cos c_8)] \sin \omega t \\
 &= \sin \omega t \, c_1 \cos c_2 + \cos \omega t \, c_1 \sin c_2 = c_1 \sin(\omega t + c_2) \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c_1 \cos c_2 &= -(c_r \sin c_8 + c_i \cos c_8) \\
 \text{and } c_1 \sin c_2 &= (c_r \cos c_8 - c_i \sin c_8) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tan c_2 = \frac{c_i \sin c_8 - c_r \cos c_8}{c_i \cos c_8 - c_r \sin c_8} \end{array} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

3



$$\hat{r} = \hat{x} \cos \theta + \hat{y} \sin \theta = \cos \theta \hat{x} + \sin \theta \hat{y}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \hat{y} \cos \theta - \hat{x} \sin \theta = -\sin \theta \hat{x} + \cos \theta \hat{y}$$

$$\text{or } \begin{pmatrix} \hat{r} \\ \hat{\theta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \hat{x} \\ \hat{y} \end{pmatrix}$$

□

$$4 \quad \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + \omega^2 x = 0 \quad ; \quad x = x(t)$$

$$(a) \text{ characteristic eq'n: } m^2 + \omega^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{m = \pm i\omega}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{general sol'n is: } \boxed{x(t) = c_1 e^{i\omega t} + c_2 e^{-i\omega t}}$$

$$(b) \frac{dx}{dt} = i\omega c_1 e^{i\omega t} - i\omega c_2 e^{-i\omega t} \Rightarrow \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = -\omega^2 c_1 e^{i\omega t} - \omega^2 c_2 e^{-i\omega t} = -\omega^2 x \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + \omega^2 x = 0}$$

$$(c) x(0) = x_0 = c_1 + c_2$$

$$\text{and } \frac{dx}{dt}(0) = 0 = c_1 - c_2 \Rightarrow \boxed{c_1 = c_2} = \frac{x_0}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = \frac{x_0}{2} (e^{i\omega t} + e^{-i\omega t}) = \boxed{x_0 \cos \omega t}$$

→  
continued.

(d)

