Pancyclicity when each cycle must pass exactly k Hamilton cycle chords Fatima Affiff Chaouche (University of Sciences and Technology Houari Boumediene, Algiers)

We observe that $\Omega(\log n)$ chords must be added to an *n*-cycle to produce a pancyclic graph; we ask how much this must be increased in order that, given *k*, $3 \le k \le n$, there exists a cycle of each length $\ge k$ which passes exactly *k* chords. We find that, for fixed *k*, the bound becomes $\Omega(n^{1/k})$.